

City of Alexandria

301 King St., Room 2400 Alexandria, VA 22314

Legislation Text

File #: 19-1541, Version: 1

City of Alexandria, Virginia

MEMORANDUM

DATE: JANUARY 2, 2019

TO: THE HONORABLE MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF CITY COUNCIL

FROM: MARK B. JINKS, CITY MANAGER /s/

DOCKET TITLE:

Consideration of the Monthly Financial Report for the Period Ending November 30, 2018.

ISSUE: Receipt of the Monthly Financial Report for the Period Ending November 30, 2018.

RECOMMENDATION: That City Council receive the Monthly Financial Report (Attachments 1 and 2).

BACKGROUND: The following discussion is a summary of the Monthly Financial Report for this period. Schedules comparing revenues and expenditures to date to the same period in FY 2018 are attached.

At this time in FY 2019, the City's revenue and expenditures are not noticeably different than the same time period last year. As of November 30, 2018, General Fund revenues totaled \$333.3 million, a decrease of \$124.9 million or 27.3 percent lower than the revenues collected at the same time in FY 2018. FY 2018 reflects the \$124.2 million bond refunding that occurred in the first quarter last year. Factoring this out for comparison's sake, as of November 30, 2018, general fund revenues total \$333.3 million, which is a 0.2 decrease compared to FY 2018 for the same time period, in which \$334.1 million was collected. Through the first five months, approximately 44.5 percent of budgeted revenues have been collected. Revenues may not track consistently with the calendar since many revenue sources have dues dates that do not occur evenly through the year. Personal Property taxes were due on October 5 and collections through November exceed last year's collections by \$1.6 million or 3.6 percent. Second-half of the calendar year Real Property taxes were due on November 15 and collections totaled \$216.1 million, which is \$6.5 million or 3.1 percent more than FY 2018 at this time.

The variance in Consumer Utility and Transient Lodging tax revenue is the result of payment timing, and the significant increase in the Restaurant Meals Tax is the result of the budgeted increase in the tax rate from 4 percent to 5 percent, with the increased 1 percent in the rate set-aside for Affordable Housing projects in the

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Capital Improvement Program. Recordation tax revenue was higher in FY 2018 due to several large commercial real estate transactions. Higher interest rates are resulting in higher Revenue from Use of Money and Property Revenues compared to FY 2018.

As of November 30, 2018, General Fund expenditures totaled \$258.8 million, a decrease of \$102.7 million over the same time period for FY 2018. Making a similar adjustment to account for the Refunded Bonds in FY 2018, FY 2019 expenditures total \$258.8 million, compared to \$237.7 million in FY 2018, which is \$21.0 million increase, or 8.8 percent. Similar to the situation with revenues, no significant expenditure variances have occurred in the first five months of Fiscal Year 2019 that are unbudgeted or unexpected. The most significant differences are the timing and source of payments. The City's first quarter contribution to WMATA was funded with a higher percentage of General Fund monies in FY 2019, with the expectation that balances earned on the City's behalf with the Northern Virginia Transit Commission will be used in a subsequent quarter payment. In FY 2018, less General Fund monies were used in the first quarter of the year.

Starting in FY 2019 employees in the Department of Project Implementation are now charged to the Capital Improvement Program, which is the reason for the significant variance in expenditures between FY 2018 and FY 2019. A similar situation is occurring in TES, where several programs (stormwater management and street sweeping) are being charged in all or in part to the Stormwater Fund. In FY 2018 prior to the creation of the stormwater utility fee, these programs received more fiscal support from the General Fund.

Agencies that are trending above the percent completed of the fiscal year (42 percent) are those organizations that receive quarterly payments from the City (e.g., Economic Development Activities, Health/Other Health, and Transit Subsidies). These agencies have received two of their quarterly payments at this point in the fiscal year. Debt service is paid in June, July, December and January. The amounts are determined by the structure of the debt and the payments are made as scheduled. The amount paid each year and when it is paid varies each year based on debt issuance date and debt structure. As a result, debt service expenditures do not track closely to the percent of the fiscal year completed. The Department of Information Technology Services is trending slightly ahead of the fiscal year, due to services that are billed annually early in the fiscal year, primarily for various maintenance agreements and licenses. The City Attorney's Office is trending higher than the fiscal year due to outside legal fees. In the recent Supplemental Appropriation Ordinance, City Council appropriated an additional \$125,000 to address these costs. Across the organization, budgets that are trending slightly behind the fiscal year are experiencing vacancy savings from turnover.

ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment 1 - Comparative Revenue Schedule for November 30, 2018

Attachment 2 - Comparative Expenditure Schedule for November 30, 2018

Attachment 3 - Overview of the City's 10 Largest Tax Revenue Sources

STAFF:

Laura Triggs, Deputy City Manager Kendel Taylor, Director, Finance Department Morgan Routt, Director, OMB

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES GENERAL FUND

FOR THE PERIODS ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 2018 AND NOVEMBER 30, 2017

		B FY 2019 AMENDED BUDGET	C FY 2019 REVENUES RU 11/30/2018	D=C/B % OF BUDGET	F FY 2018 REVENUES RU 11/30/2017	G=F/E % OF TOTAL
General Property Taxes						
Real Property Taxes	\$	446,963,782	\$ 216,082,590	48.3%	\$ 209,620,676	55.1%
Personal Property Taxes		50,800,000	45,428,975	89.4%	43,863,463	96.3%
Penalties and Interest	_	3,300,000	 1,041,482	31.6%	 951,150	34.5%
Total General Property Taxes	\$	501,063,782	\$ 262,553,046	52.4%	\$ 254,435,289	59.3%
Other Local Taxes						
Local Sales and Use Taxes	\$	27,700,000	\$ 6,886,613	24.9%	\$ 6,551,791	24.6%
Consumer Utility Taxes		11,800,000	3,864,750	32.8%	3,264,716	26.0%
Communication Sales and Use Taxes		9,900,000	2,348,034	23.7%	2,473,918	23.7%
Business License Taxes		34,878,000	1,524,254	4.4%	1,529,798	4.8%
Transient Lodging Taxes		13,275,000	4,229,198	31.9%	4,816,318	40.6%
Restaurant Meals Tax		24,150,000	8,056,105	33.4%	6,297,030	33.8%
Tobacco Taxes		2,800,000	915,790	32.7%	1,010,200	34.7%
Motor Vehicle License Tax		3,800,000	2,881,680	75.8%	2,913,894	80.9%
Real Estate Recordation		5,300,000	1,984,130	37.4%	2,380,228	44.6%
Admissions Tax		670,000	177,769	26.5%	155,166	20.4%
Other Local Taxes		4,745,000	193,422	4.1%	206,563	4.7%
Total Other Local Taxes	\$	139,018,000	\$ 33,061,747	23.8%	\$ 31,599,622	24.4%
Intergovernmental Revenues						
Revenue from the Fed. Government	\$	9,071,382	\$ 1,854,771	20.4%	\$ 2,931,325	31.9%
Personal Property Tax Relief from	·	.,,	, ,		, ,-	
the Commonwealth		24,335,376	11,789,265	48.4%	22,399,604	95.0%
Revenue from the Commonwealth		23,578,531	6,857,091	29.1%	6,815,036	29.2%
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	56,985,289	\$ 20,501,127	36.0%	\$ 32,145,965	57.3%
Other Governmental Revenues And						
Transfers In						
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	5,193,450	\$ 1,708,850	32.9%	\$ 2,090,406	42.1%
Licenses and Permits		2,612,678	934,370	35.8%	1,086,202	42.7%
Charges for City Services		21,748,168	9,431,033	43.4%	9,001,388	45.2%
Revenue from Use of Money & Prop		8,031,110	4,103,728	51.1%	2,980,057	55.0%
Other Revenue		1,853,215	1,031,381	55.7%	711,105	32.7%
Transfer from Other Funds		11,921,244	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Total Other Governmental Revenues	\$	51,359,865	\$ 17,209,362	33.5%	\$ 15,869,158	37.8%
TOTAL DEVIDAGE		540 40 c 00 c	222 225 202	44.50	224.050.024	50.00
TOTAL REVENUE	\$	748,426,936	\$ 333,325,282	44.5%	\$ 334,050,034	50.9%
Appropriated Fund Balance						-
General Fund	\$	_	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 124,205,981	-
Cash Capital						
Encumbrances And Other		-	-	-	-	-
Supplemental Appropriations		4,952,410	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	\$	753,379,346	\$ 333,325,282	44.2%	\$ 458,256,015	69.8%

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS BY FUNCTION GENERAL FUND

FOR THE PERIODS ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 2018 AND NOVEMBER 30, 2017

		В		c	D=C/B	F		
		FY 2019		EV 2010	0/		FY 2018	
				FY 2019	%			
EUNCTION		AMENDED		PENDITURES	OF BUDGET		PENDITURES	
FUNCTION Legislative & Executive	\$	3,046,004	\$	RU 11/30/2018	EXPENDED 38.9%	\$	RU 11/30/2017	
Judicial Administration	\$	44,276,720	\$	1,185,759	41.1%	\$	1,196,861	
Judicial / Killinistration	Ψ	44,270,720	Ψ	10,203,704	41.170	-	10,110,570	
Staff Agencies								
Communications	\$	1,452,763	\$	495,910	34.1%	\$	482,170	
Human Rights		865,784		390,114	45.1%		309,868	
Information Technology Services		12,101,248		5,418,276	44.8%		4,909,340	
Management & Budget		1,259,151		497,947	39.5%		370,218	
Finance		13,026,080		4,745,947	36.4%		4,248,464	
Performance and Accountability		637,988		153,283	24.0%		209,049	
Internal Audit		429,167		89,576	20.9%		117,119	
Human Resources		4,239,313		1,552,643	36.6%		1,689,457	
Planning & Zoning		5,789,820		2,331,868	40.3%		2,162,988	
Economic Development Activities		5,716,459		2,832,726	49.6%		2,689,691	
City Attorney		2,954,438		1,380,583	46.7%		1,192,120	
Registrar		1,231,787		509,743	41.4%		529,290	
General Services.		15,001,072		5,106,514	34.0%		5,038,100	
Total Staff Agencies	\$	64,705,070	\$	25,505,130	39.4%	\$	23,947,874	
Operating Agencies								
Transportation & Environmental Services	\$	28,063,355	\$	10,257,515	36.6%	\$	11,782,048	
Project Implementation		9,356		3,132	0.0%		538,498	
Fire		52,268,990		20,895,776	40.0%		19,175,905	
Police		65,399,618		26,641,883	40.7%		24,042,829	
Emergency Communications		7,786,214		3,018,410	38.8%		2,829,858	
Code		24,000		1,796	7.5%		1,825	
Transit Subsidies.		17,336,098		15,909,505	91.8%		7,532,179	
Housing		1,857,455		698,140	37.6%		668,906	
Community and Human Services		13,663,568		5,802,725	42.5%		5,262,680	
Health		8,783,350		4,049,145	46.1%		3,950,976	
Historic Resources		3,282,220		1,174,789	35.8%		1,253,208	
Recreation	_	23,037,080		9,456,059	41.0%	_	8,875,887	
Total Operating Agencies	\$	221,511,304	\$	97,908,875	44.2%	\$	85,914,799	
Education								
Schools	\$	222 820 202	\$	69 455 001	30.6%	s	65 600 200	
	2	223,829,302	3	68,455,091		3	65,699,209	
Other Educational Activities	<u> </u>	12,142	-	68,461,162	50.0%	\$	6,139	
Total Education		223,641,444	\$	08,401,102	30.6%	3	65,705,348	
Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous								
Debt Service - City	\$	42,626,096	\$	18,203,338	42.7%	s	16,499,633	
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Debt Service - Schools		28,924,085		12,178,181	42.1%		11,489,349	
Expenses on Refunding Bonds		- 0.27.077		- 452.061	66.00/		123,695,787	
Non-Departmental		8,267,877		5,452,961	66.0%		5,174,590	
General Cash Capital		36,966,696		-	0.0%		-	
Contingent Reserves.	é	3,810,114	6	25 924 490	0.0%	-	156 050 250	
Total Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous	\$	120,594,868	\$	35,834,480	29.7%	\$	156,859,359	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	677,975,410	\$	247,101,390	36.4%	s	349,740,817	
TOTAL EAFENDITURES	э	077,973,410	Þ	247,101,390	30.4%	3	349,740,617	
Cash Match (Transportation/DCHS/								
and Transfers to the Special Revenue /Capital Projects Funds)	\$	55,963,779	\$	189,642	0.0%	\$		
Transfer to Library	Ψ	7,031,173	Ψ	21,201	0.3%	9	8,865	
Transfer to DASH		12,313,592		11,456,736	0.0%		11,692,233	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS	\$	753,283,954	\$	258,768,969	34.4%	s	361,441,915	
TOTAL EXILENDITURES & TRANSPERS	9	733,263,734	J.	238,708,909	34.470	-	301,441,913	
Total Expenditures by Category								
Salaries and Benefits	\$	228,281,652	\$	90,769,689	39.8%	\$	82,532,957	
Non Personnel (includes all school funds)		525,097,694		167,999,279	32.0%		278,908,958	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	753,379,346	\$	258,768,969	34.3%	\$	361,441,915	
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Attachment 3 Overview of 10 Major Tax Revenues								
Тах	Current Tax Rate	Description	Due Date		FY 2018 Actual Revenue		FY 2019 Approved Budget	
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		All real property in the City (approximately 46,000 parcels) are annually assessed at 100						
Real Property	value	percent of fair market value.	June 15/ November 15	Ş 4	438,341,911	\$	446,963,782	
		All vehicles in the City (approximately 132,000 vehicles) are assessed based on the NADA value. The vehicle owner is						
		responsible for a portion of the tax (based on the value of the vehicle) and the State						
	\$5.00 per \$100 of assessed	provides a total of \$23.6 million associated with the Personal Property Tax Relief Act of						
Vehicle Personal Property	value	1998.	October 5	\$	33,293,710	\$	34,700,000	
		All tangible business equipment, such as machinery, computers and furniture used in the course of business is assessed based on a						
Business Personal Property	Varied	percentage of the original purchase cost.	October 5	\$	15,947,065	\$	16,100,000	
		Also known as gross receipts tax, this is applied against the gross earnings of all businesses in the City with gross receipts above \$100,000. Below \$100,000, but above \$10,000, a business pays a flat fee of						
Business License	Varied	\$50.	March 1	\$	33,846,542	\$	34,878,000	
		Sales tax is collected by retail merchants operating in the City when goods and services are purchased. In Alexandria for non-food items, the total sales tax equals 6 percent, including the 1 percent for the	Domitted by the Ct.					
	1% in addition to the 5%	locality, 0.7 percent for transportation in Northern Virginia and 4.3 percent for the	Remitted by the State to the City two months					
Local Sales and Use	State levied tax rate	I	after collection	\$	27,257,656	\$	27,700,000	

Attachment 3 Overview of 10 Major Tax Revenues									
Тах	Current Tax Rate	Description	Due Date	FY 2018 Actual Revenue		FY 2019 Approved Budget			
Restaurant Meals	\$0.05	This tax is charged to consumers at restaurants as a percent of the total bill. The revenue is held by the restaurant and remitted to the City monthly.	Remitted by the Business Owner to the City one month after collection	\$ 18	3,283,682	\$	24,150,000		
Transient Lodging	6.5%/\$1.25 per night	This tax is charged to visitors of city hotels as a percent of the total room cost, plus the \$1.25 per night charge. The revenue is held by the hotel and remitted to the City monthly.	Remitted by the Business Owner to the City one month after collection	\$ 12	2,883,323	\$	13,275,000		
Consumer Utility	varied	This consumption tax is assessed on electric, gas and water bills generated in the City. Rates and application varies for residential and commercial use and by utility type.	Remitted by the Utility Company to the City one month after collection	\$ 12	2,069,408	\$	11,800,000		
Communication Sales	\$0.05	This tax is assesssed on the sales price of all communications service provided in the City.	Remitted by the State to the City one month after collection		9,881,812	\$	9,900,000		
Real Estate Recordation		Assessed on the sales price of all recorded property transactions recorded in the City. This portion reflects the amount retained by the locality.	Remitted by the Clerk of the Courts to the City one month following collection	\$ 7	7,359,257	\$	5,300,000		
Bank Franchise		Tax rate applied to the net capital of deposits held by local banks.	Paid by Banks to the City on June 1	\$ 3	3,828,225	\$	3,800,000		